NEW PEST ADVISORY GROUP (NPAG)

USDA APHIS - Plant Protection and Quarantine

Center for Plant Health Science & Technology
Plant Epidemiology and Risk Analysis Laboratory



NPAG@aphis.usda.gov

NEW PEST ADVISORY GROUP (NPAG)

What is NPAG?

The New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG) is the USDA, Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) body that quickly assesses and recommends a course of action regarding plant pests new to or imminently threatening the United States. NPAG functions out of the Center for Plant Health Science & Technology (CPHST), Plant Epidemiology and Risk Analysis Laboratory (PERAL).

NPAG Chair: Brian M. Spears (919) 855-7527

NPAG Executive Secretary: Christina Devorshak (919) 855-7547

Email: NPAG@aphis.usda.gov

Website: http://www.cphst.org/npag/

NEW PEST ADVISORY GROUP (NPAG)

Mission: Assess new and imminent plant pest introductions and recommend course of action.



Mollusks





Nematodes





Pathogens





Insects



New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG) Functions

- 1. Evaluate significance of plant pests believed to be new to or imminently threatening the U.S.
- 2. Coordinate information sharing and solicitation of expertise

Assemble an ad hoc panel to ensure expert evaluation

Eric R. Day

3. Recommend options and actions on how PPQ should respond to a new plant pest

The NPAG does not make policy

New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG) Functions:

What Triggers NPAG Action?

NPAG procedures begin with notification of a confirmed report of actual or potential entry of a new plant pest into the U.S.

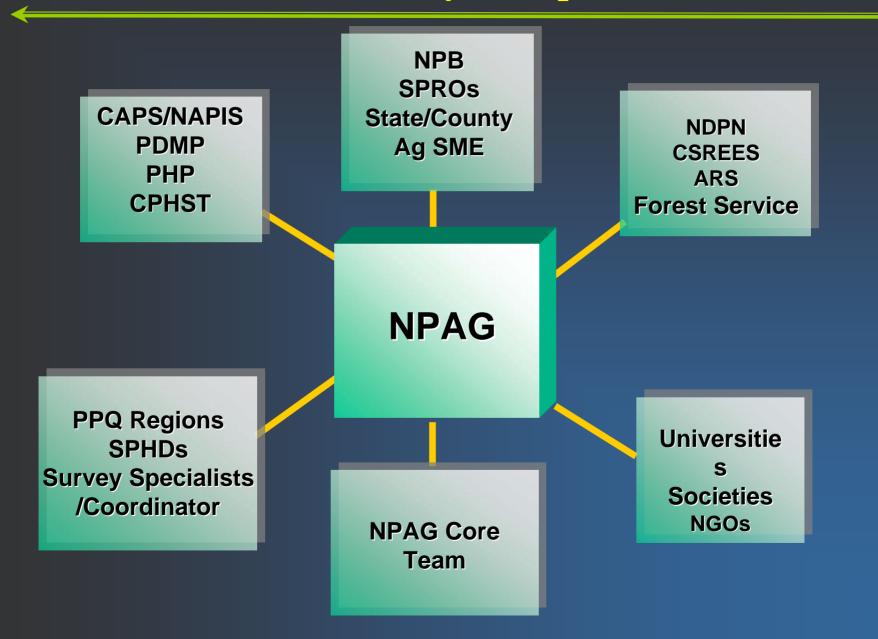
AND

Identification verified by PPQ National Identification Services
(NIS) and the ARS Systematic Entomology Lab (SEL)

Notifications and Surveillance

LiteratureListServ/Web Alerts/Pest Societies **PPO NIS PPQ Regional Staff PPO State Plant Health Directors State Agriculture Depts USDA ARS US Forest Service** Universities/Extension **Foreign Governments Industry** Media

New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG)



NPAG Process

NPAG notified of pest – analyst assigned

Pre-assessment – PPQ Issue? NPAG Issue?

Pest report drafted

If warranted; additional NPAG meetings and/or NPAG teleconferences If warranted; NPAG teleconference; additional information gathered

Information gathered and analyzed

NPAG Meeting

Pest report sent to PPQ Executive Team

Possible major pest

Accept

Major or Minor Pest? Possible minor pest

Discuss pest issue with PPQ relevant management groups Back to the NPAG for further investigation

Reject

PPQ Management Decision

Accept

PPQ Executive Team Decision

Reject

PPQ's Deputy
Administrator or
Executive Team

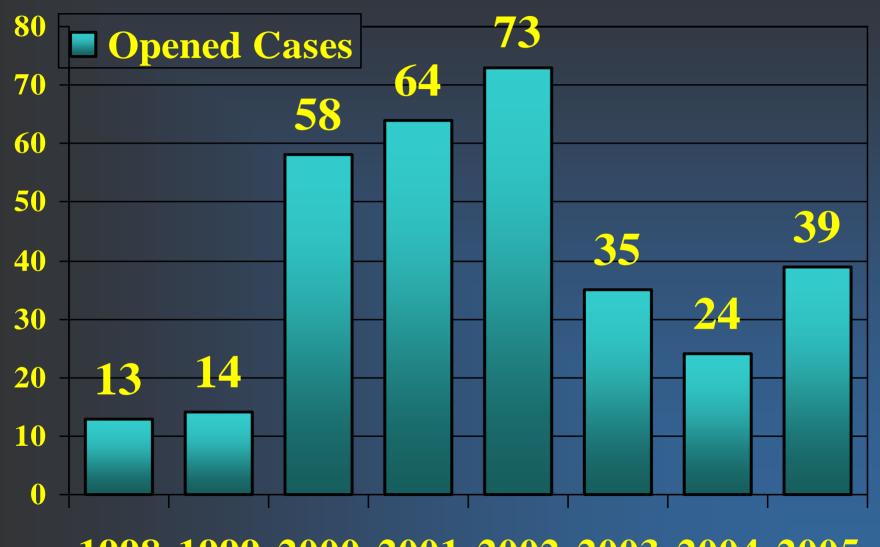
communicates information to agricultural / environmental community PPQ relevant management group

communicates information to agricultural / environmental community

Possible NPAG Recommendations

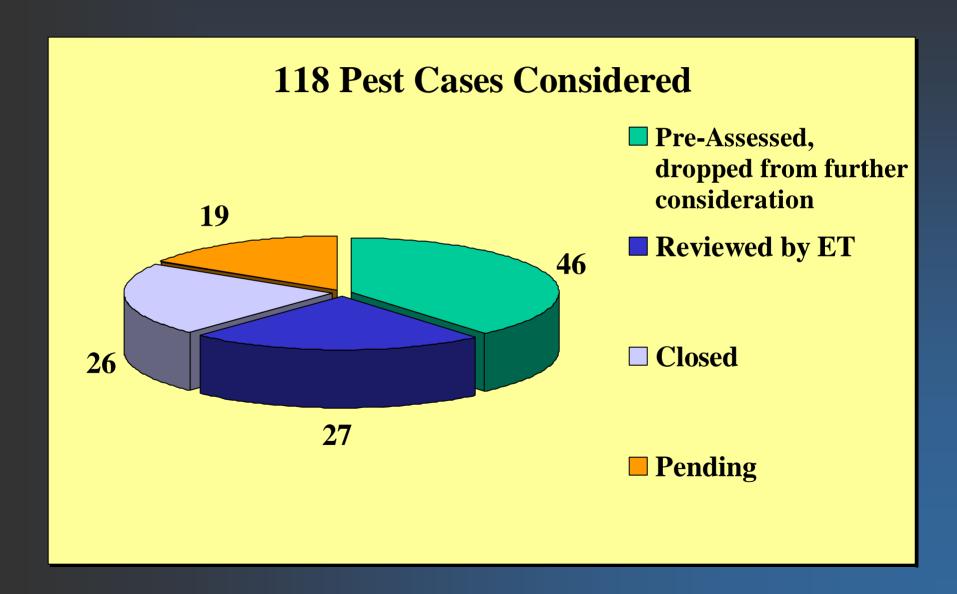
- Recommend PPQ conduct program(s) such as survey or methods development in order to gather information
- Recommend PPQ take no action against the pest
- Recommend PPQ conduct actions such as eradication, quarantine, population management or public education
- Recommend PPQ refer options and actions to other institutions such as States, other Federal agencies or industry groups

The New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG)

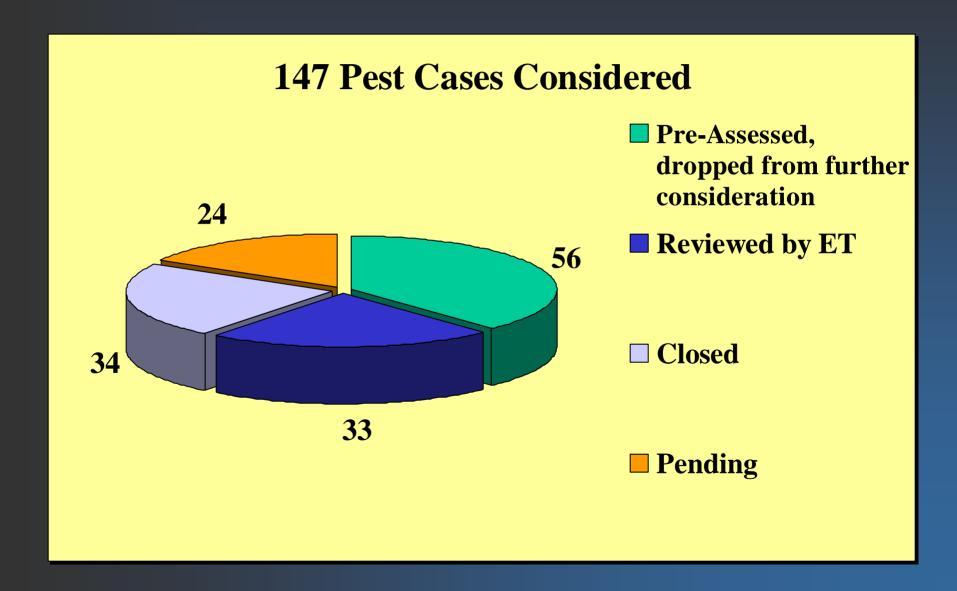


1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005

NPAG Pest Case Activity for FY 2004 and 1st Quarter FY05



NPAG Pest Case Activity for FY 2004 through 2005



New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG) Process

NPAG Report

- Initiating Event, Notifier and affiliation, Notification date
- Datasheet(s)
- Current PPQ Policy
- Pest Situation Overview
 - Exotic Status
 - Biology
 - Prevalence and global distribution
 - Host Range





New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG) Process

- Pest Situation Overview (continued)
 - Potential pathways and spread
 - Potential economic/environmental, trade implications
 - NPAG Teleconference(s)
- Current response and activities, technology/knowledge gaps and needs
- NPAG recommended PPQ Policy
- Recommendations
- References

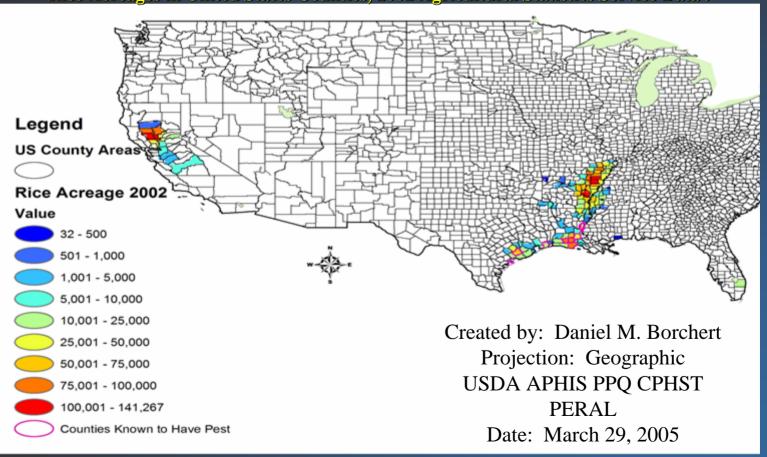




Hydrellia wirthi Korytkowski: South American Rice Leaf Miner



Rice Acreages in United States Counties, 2002 Agricultural Statistics Service Data.



Bemisia tabaci Biotype Q: Whitefly Biotype Q

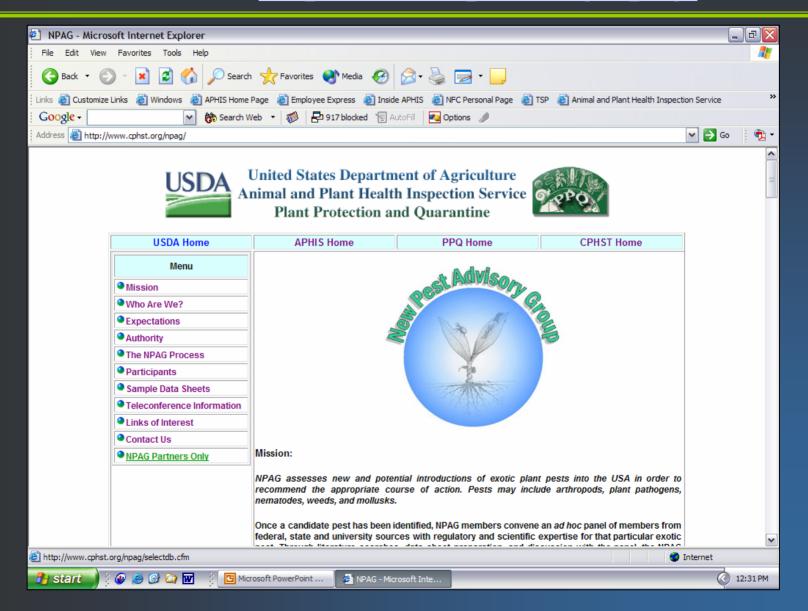
PPQ will not change policy for *Bemisia* tabaci (retain as non-reportable / non-actionable). The biotype B is non-reportable / non-actionable and PPQ will apply this policy to biotype Q.

Phragmidium violaceum (Schultz) G. Winter: Blackberry Rust



Blackberry Rust Infection Probability Generic Infection Model - August 10-Year Probability 08/01-08/31 1 year 2 year 4 year 5 year 6 year 7 year Source: NAPPFAST 8 year Created By: Fowler/Thayer 9 year USDA-APHIS-PPQ-CPHST/PERAL 10 year GCS-North America-1983 Blackberry Production 1:27,792,592 Raleigh, NC Observed Counties 0 112.5 225 July 7, 2005

New Pest Advisory Group (NPAG): Website: http://www.cphst.org/npag/



NPAG WEBSITE and CONTACT INFORMATION

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